

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 0325

Roll No.

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B. Tech.**(SEM. III) ODD SEMESTER THEORY****EXAMINATION 2013-14****FUNDAMENTALS OF NETWORK ANALYSIS AND
SYNTHESIS***Time : 3 Hours**Total Marks : 100***Note : Attempt all questions.****1. Attempt any four parts : (5×4=20)**

- (a) Define the signal, also explain different types of standard signals with proper figure.
- (b) Consider a system S with input $x[n]$ and output $y[n]$ related by :

$$y[n] = x[n] \{g[n] + g[n-1]\},$$

- (i) If $g[n] = 1$, for all n , show that S is time invariant.
- (ii) If $g[n] = n$, show that S is not time invariant.

- (c) For the network shown, write the mess equation in terms of (i) Differential equation and (ii) the complex frequency variables.

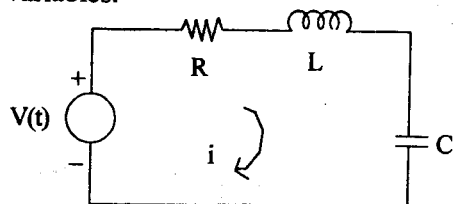


Fig. 1

- (d) If the system function of a network is given as :

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+2)(s+3)}, \text{ find the response } R(s), \text{ if the}$$

excitation is unit step signal.

- (e) Prove that (i) $\dot{\delta}(x) = -\dot{\delta}(-x)$, (ii) $-\delta(x) = x\dot{\delta}(x)$, where $\delta(x)$ is impulse function.

2. Attempt any four parts : (5×4=20)

- (a) The port currents of a two port network are given by :

$$I_1 = 2.5V_1 - V_2$$

$$I_2 = -V_1 + 5V_2.$$

Find equivalent π network.

- (b) Derive the condition of reciprocity for ABCD-parameters.

- (c) The transform of current is $I(s) = \frac{2s}{(s+1)(s+2)}$. Sketch

its pole-zero plot and obtain time domain response $i(t)$.

Also write a short note on significance of the network transfer function.

- (d) Using Thevenin's theorem, find the current through load impedance Z_L shown in the Fig. 2.

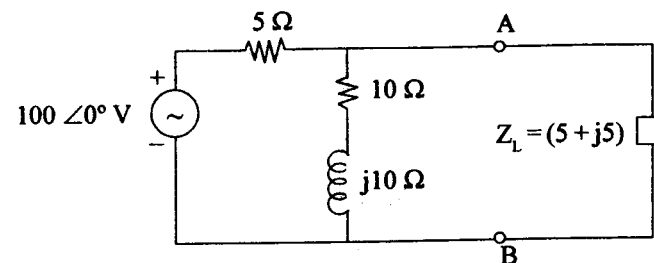


Fig. 2

- (e) Using the initial and final value theorems find $f(0+)$ and $f(\infty)$ for the following :

(i) $F(s) = \frac{(s+1)(s+2)}{(s+3)(s+4)}$

(ii) $F(s) = \frac{s^2 + 2s + 3}{s(s+1)(s+4)}$.

3. Attempt any four parts : (5×4=20)

- (a) Discuss why the following functions are not positive real function :

(i) $\frac{s^2 + 2s + 1}{s^2}$

(ii) $\frac{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 2)}{s(s^2 + 3)}$.

(b) Given the admittance function :

$$Y(s) = \frac{H_0(s^2 + b_1s + b_0)}{s^2 + a_1s + a_0}$$

(c) Test whether following polynomial are Hurwitz or not :

(i) $Q(s) = S^3 + 4S^2 + 5S + 20$

(ii) $Q(s) = S^5 + 8S^4 + 24S^3 + 28S^2 + 23S + 6$

(d) Determine Foster I form of following driving point impedance function :

$$Z(s) = \frac{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 9)}{s(s^2 + 4)}$$

(e) Write the properties of LC driving point Imittance function.

4. Attempt any **two** parts : (10×2=20)

(a) Discuss the properties of transfer functions, also find the residue condition for the following circuit :

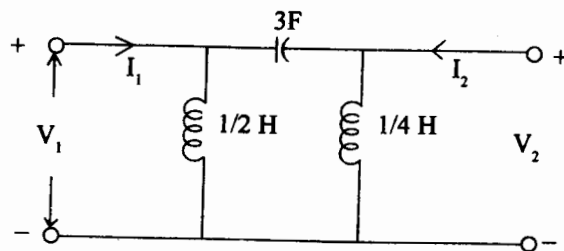


Fig. 3

(b) Synthesize N_s with termination resistors $R_2 = 4$ ohm,

$R_1 = 1$ ohm to give $\frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{12s^2}{15s^2 + 7s + 2}$

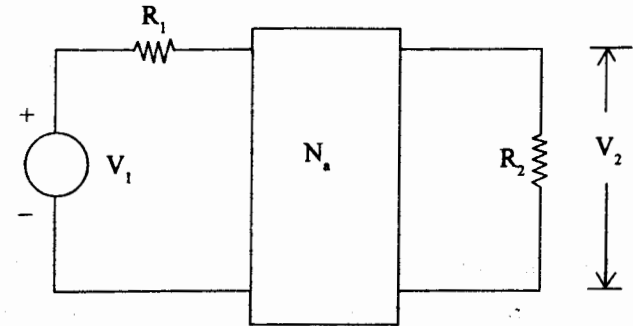


Fig. 4

(c) For the network shown in Fig. 5, 6 below, find the voltage ratio transfer functions V_2/V_1 .

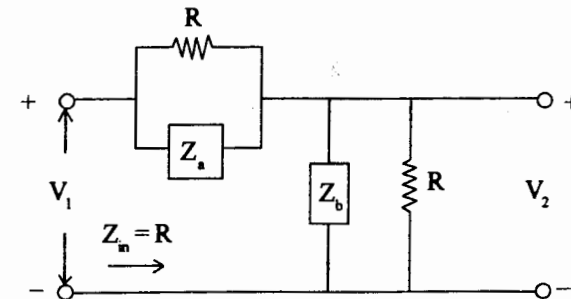


Fig. 5

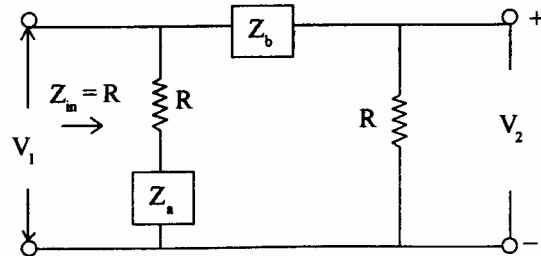


Fig. 6

5. Attempt any two parts : (10×2=20)

- (a) For the circuit shown below compute the output V_o . Also determine the input resistance R_i as seen by the source.

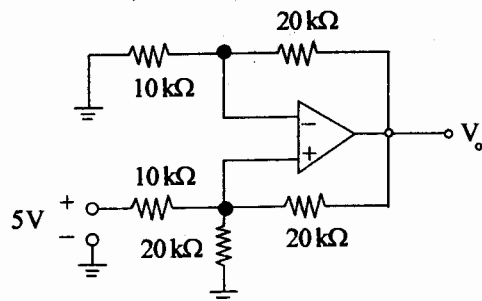


Fig. 7

- (b) Compute the gain V_o/V_i for the Op-Amp circuit given below. Also find the input resistance R_i .

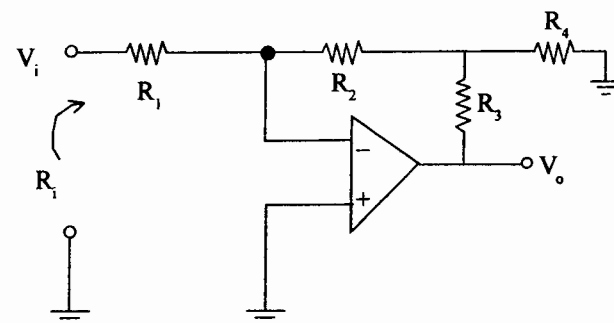


Fig. 8

- (c) Design the low pass and high pass active filters using Op-Amp.